## Manuka Bush Leaf

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## Nutrients

Chlorogenic Acid - Phenolic Acid

> Catechin - Flavan-3-ol

Epigallocatechin - Polyphenol

**Phenolic Acids** 

**Flavone Glycosides** 

reatures
Anti-acne and anti-inflammatory activity.
Significant anti-oxidant activity.
Provides substantial protection from UV radiation.
Anti-Glycation* activity.
Protects against oxidative stress induced cell death.
Protects against heat shocked skin damage.
Inhibition of melanogenesis - reduces reduces coloured pigmentation allowing even skin colour.
Rehydration and plumping of skin.
Protection of hair focile from sun and pollution damage.
Neo-collagenesis - stimulates the growth of collagen in the skin.
Alleviates aging induced oxidative stress.
Reduces membrane liquid peroxidation and DNA damage.
Strengthens capillaries.

## Benefits

Reduces redness, irritation and clears pore blockages. Protection from damaging free radicals. Helps skin hydration. Aids cutaneous metabolsim to prevent skin alterations (sun spots/age spots/skin blemishes) and early aging. Reverses appearance of dimples and cellulite. Anti-aging and thermal skin aging activity. Reduces visibility of sun spots. Dark circle and puffiness reduction under eyes. Skin whitening. Reduces the appearance of fine lines and wrinkles.

Makes skin glow, lumosity.

Maintains health of hair and protects hair focile from external damage.

More effective as an anti-oxidant than vitamin C and E together (Catechin - Flavan-3-ol).

Suppleness of skin. Increased skin elasticity. Reduces potential of stretch marks (pregnancy).

Reduces potential of early aging and the onset of fine lines and wrinkles.

Stimulates growth of collagen.

\* Glycation is when sugar molecules are present, they grasp onto fats and proteins in a process know as glycation, forming advanced glycation end products, which cause protein fibres, or collagen, to become stiff and malformed.